1 PURPOSE
1.1 This SOP establishes the process to determine which activities require Texas A&M University Institutional Review Board review.
1.2 The SOP begins when planning or preparing for any research activity or clinical investigation activity that involves human subjects.
1.3 The SOP ends when IRB involvement in the TAMU research or clinical investigation activity is determined.

2 REVISIONS FROM PREVIOUS VERSION
2.1 Updated in accordance with 2018 Common Rule
2.2 Updated from version 1/21/2019

3 SOP STATEMENT
3.1 This SOP covers all human subjects’ research including preparatory to research activities that involve interventions or interactions with living individuals (e.g. advertising, recruitment, and/or screening of potential subjects for research) and/or accessing or obtaining identifiable, private information or biospecimens from or about living individuals for the purpose of conducting research (e.g., review of existing records).
3.2 In this SOP, human research means any research or clinical investigation that involves human subjects as defined in SOP: Definitions (HRP-001).
3.3 Human Subject:
3.3.1 as defined by the Pre-2018 Requirements: A living individual about whom an investigator (whether professional or student) conducting research obtains (1) data through Intervention or Interaction with the individual, or
(2) information that is both Private Information and Identifiable Information.
3.3.2 as defined by the 2018 Requirements or Hybrid Policy: A living individual about whom an investigator (whether professional or student) conducting research:
(i) Obtains information or biospecimens through intervention or interaction with the individual, and uses, studies, or analyzes the information or biospecimens; or
(ii) Obtains, uses, studies, analyzes, or generates identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens.
3.3.3 as Defined by US FDA: An individual who is or becomes a subject in research, either as a recipient of the test article or as a control. A subject may be either a healthy human or a patient. A human subject includes an individual on whose specimen a medical device is used.
3.3.4 Interaction: Communication or interpersonal contact between investigator and subject.
3.3.5 Intervention:
3.3.5.1 as defined by the Pre-2018 Requirements: Physical procedures by which data are gathered (for example, venipuncture) and manipulations of the subject or the subject’s environment that are performed for research purposes.
3.3.5.2 as defined by the 2018 Requirements or Hybrid Policy: includes both physical procedures by which information or biospecimens are gathered (e.g., venipuncture) and manipulations of the subject or the subject's environment that are performed for research purposes.
3.4 Identifiable biospecimen: a biospecimen for which the identity of the subject is or may readily be ascertained by the investigator or associated with the biospecimen.
3.5 Identifiable Information as defined by the Pre-2018 Requirements: Information that i
3.6 individually identifiable (i.e., the identity of the subject is or may readily be ascertained by the
investigator or associated with the information).

3.7 **Identifiable Private Information as defined by the 2018 Requirements or Hybrid Policy:** Information or a biospecimen for which the identity of the human subject is or may be readily ascertained by the investigator or associated with the information.

3.8 **Private Information:** Information about behavior that occurs in a context in which an individual can reasonably expect that no observation or recording is taking place, and information which has been provided for specific purposes by an individual and which the individual can reasonably expect will not be made public (for example, a medical record).

3.9 When there is any question about whether or not an activity is Human Research the investigator will send a request for a Human Subjects Determination. The request must be submitted through the electronic submission system, iRIS. Requests sent through other mechanisms (email, phone, fax) will not be processed.

### 4 RESPONSIBILITIES
4.1 **Investigators** perform these procedures.

### 5 PROCEDURE
5.1 **Investigators** should review guidance on whether an activity is human research. See SOP: Definitions (HRP-001) and WORKSHEET: Human Research (HRP-310).

5.2 **Investigators** should submit their activities to the IRB for a determination whenever the activity involves human subjects or their identifiable private information or biospecimens.

5.3 **Investigators** should submit their activities to the IRB for a determination when they anticipate that correspondence from the IRB will be required to satisfy funding agency requirements or for presentation and publication purposes.

5.4 The following table is a general guide that provides a list of activities that may or may not require IRB review. Other activities not on the list may also represent human subjects research.

5.5 When unsure if the activity is or is not human subjects research, contact the IRB office.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACTIVITY</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>IRB Determination Required</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cadaver or autopsy specimens/materials</td>
<td>Research involving deceased individuals does not require IRB oversight.</td>
<td>NO</td>
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<tr>
<td>Case Report Studies</td>
<td><strong>Retrospective</strong> review of a medical or other records with intent to document a specific situation or the experience of an individual without intent to form a research hypothesis, draw conclusions or generalize findings. Data is de-identified.</td>
<td>NO if using only 1-2 records. YES if using 3 or more records.</td>
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<td><strong>Prospective</strong> case study with clear intent, before recruiting or interacting with the participant, to use that data to draw conclusions and will publish or present to external groups.</td>
<td>YES</td>
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<tr>
<td>Classroom Assignments/Activities</td>
<td>Normal educational activities conducted by the students designed to teach students methods or demonstrate course concepts AND the activities are not designed to create new</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SOP: Activities that Require IRB Review</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<p>| <strong>Classroom Activities and Instructional Methods.</strong> | Educational activities conducted by faculty or instructors in the classroom or with students and the intent is to generalize the information outside of the classroom or publish. This includes use of student records, interviews, surveys or other student data for prospective or retrospective research. | YES |
| <strong>Clinical Investigations</strong> | Experiments using an intervention, substance or test article on one or more human subjects to evaluate the effects of those interventions, products or test articles on health related biomedical or behavioral outcomes regardless of FDA status or applicability. Products include foods (dietary supplements that bear a nutrient content claim or a health claim, infant formulas, food and color additives), drugs for human use, medical or diagnostic devices for human use, biological products for human use, and energy emitting products used on humans. | YES |
| <strong>Focus Groups and Interviews</strong> | When discussing personal experiences or opinions and/or the focus is on people (e.g. how do you rate your ability to handle stress; how often do you run red-lights?) | YES |
| | When discussing non-human topics and the focus is on things instead of people (e.g. discussions on the differences between product A and product B) | NO |
| <strong>Human Factors Evaluation</strong> | Observing, recording, measuring or testing human behavior, cognition, interaction, performance, psychophysiology or anthropometry in a natural or laboratory environment for research applications. | YES |
| <strong>Innovative or Novel Procedures, Treatment, or Instructional Methods</strong> | Systematic investigation of innovations in diagnostic, therapeutic procedure or instructional methods in multiple participants in order to compare to standard of care or normal procedure. The investigation is designed to test a hypothesis, permit conclusions to be drawn, thus to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge. The use of innovative interventions that are designed solely for therapeutic purposes to enhance the well-being of an individual patient with a reasonable expectation of success. The intent of the intervention is to provide diagnosis, preventive treatment, or therapy to an individual patient. Research is not involved. | YES |
| <strong>Internet Research</strong> | Online websites set up for the purposes of collecting human data regarding a particular topic. This may include the completion of questionnaires/surveys, personal data, etc. | YES |
| | Harvesting, mining, profiling, observing or recording identifiable data from sites such as blogs, chat rooms, or social media postings, etc.; or entering restricted or pay sites where there are restrictions of use or expectations of privacy/confidentiality; Submitting information or interacting with internet sites in order to measure influence on behaviors or other outcomes. | YES |
| <strong>In Vitro Device Studies</strong> | Current FDA guidance indicates that IRB review is required for any IVD study involving human specimens/samples, even when the research involves no identifiers and the biological materials cannot be linked to any identifying information. | YES |</p>
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- **Literature Review**: An assessment of a body of *published* material that addresses a research question. Identifies or summarizes what is already known about an area of study or may identify questions a body of research does not answer. **NO**

- **Pilot Studies**: Pilot studies that meet the definition of human research, regardless of the number of subjects enrolled or the duration of the studies. **YES**

- **Professional Recognition**: Employees or agents of TAMU involved in human research projects carried out at other locations when the services performed merit professional recognition or publication privileges. **YES**

- **Program Evaluation**: Evaluation will be used for internal reporting purposes only or for funding agency reporting and will not be published. **NO**

- **Public Health Surveillance Activities**: Limited to those activities necessary to allow a public health authority to provide timely situational awareness or set priorities during an event or crisis that threatens public health. Researchers must have a written request, authorization or contract from a Public Health Authority. **NO**

- **Quality Assurance (QA) and Quality Improvement (QI) Activities**: Systematic, data-guided activities involving humans designed to implement promising ways to improve outcomes, system performance or professional development and are intended to be generalized or used beyond the local setting or have research intent, or address a specific deficit in scientific knowledge. The proposed QA/QI activity is confined to the local setting and the information will not be used or shared beyond the local system. **NO**

- **Guidance**: Intent is only one element considered. QI and research often overlap. A QA/QI activity often involves an iterative process that may change over time in response to ongoing feedback. The plan includes mechanisms for assessment, intervention, analysis and implementation.

- **Records, Repositories, Registries or other Data or Biospecimen research; and (Publically Available Information)**: Proposed activity involves accessing student, health or other private records, data banks, repositories or any other mechanism by which identifiable human records, data, tissue, blood, or genetic materials will be obtained. **YES**

- **Proposed activity involves accessing stored human tissue, blood, genetic material or private identifiable data that will be de-identified by study personnel at the time of collection or when the investigator has access to a code or link that enables re-identification of data or specimens.** **YES**

- **Private information or specimens are being collected specifically for the proposed research through interaction or intervention with living individuals.** **YES**

- **Proposed activity involves accessing biospecimens or cell lines from a commercially operated or established biorepository where the investigator does not receive under any circumstances personal identifiers, or links, or codes that enable identification;** **NO**
Proposed activity involves accessing unrestricted PUBLICALLY available data/information or biospecimens that are available to the general public. NOTE: if subjects are inadvertently identified when combining more than one publicly available data sets you must contact the IRB, immediately. NO

Scholarly and Journalistic Activities (oral history, journalism, literary criticism, historical scholarship, biography, legal research); Oral histories or journalism that focuses directly on the specific individuals about whom the information is collected and there is no intent to generalize the information to others. Legal research must focus on the circumstances of specific plaintiffs or parties involved in a case; Legal research is not a particular field. NO

Self-Experimentation Any human research were the investigator is also a participant in their own study (investigator self-experimentation) requires IRB review and approval. YES

Student Conducted Research Thesis or dissertation projects involving human subjects research conducted to meet the requirements of a graduate degree. YES

Surveys Interacting with participants directly or through third party survey administrators to answer a research question about humans requires submission to the HRPP/IRB for a determination even if not collecting identifiable information. YES

6 MATERIALS
6.1 SOP: Definitions (HRP-001).
6.2 WORKSHEET: Human Research (HRP-310).

7 REFERENCES
7.1 DHHS: 45 CFR §46.102 (Pre -2018 and 2018 requirements)
7.2 FDA: 21 CFR 50.3; 21 CFR §56.102 and 56.103; 21 CFR 312.3(b); 21 CFR 812.3(h)
7.3 AAHRPP I.1.A